



Module 9

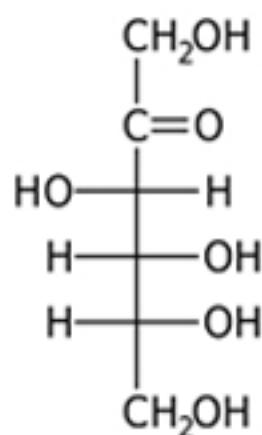
Carbohydrates

Session Slides with Notes

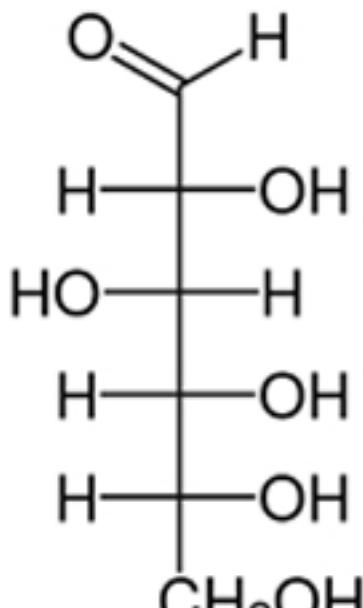
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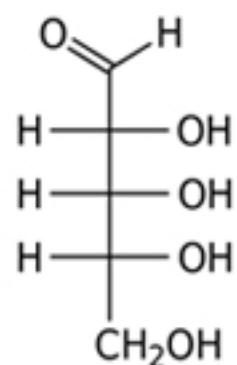
Carbohydrates



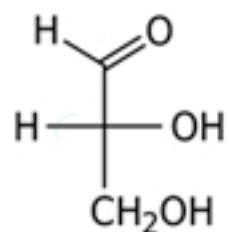
Fructose



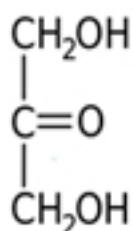
Glucose



Ribose

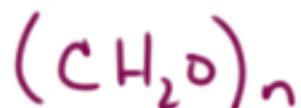


Glyceraldehyde

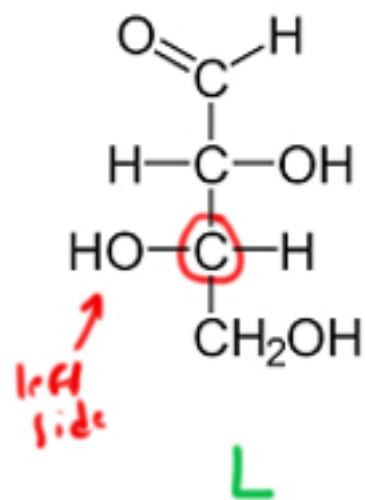
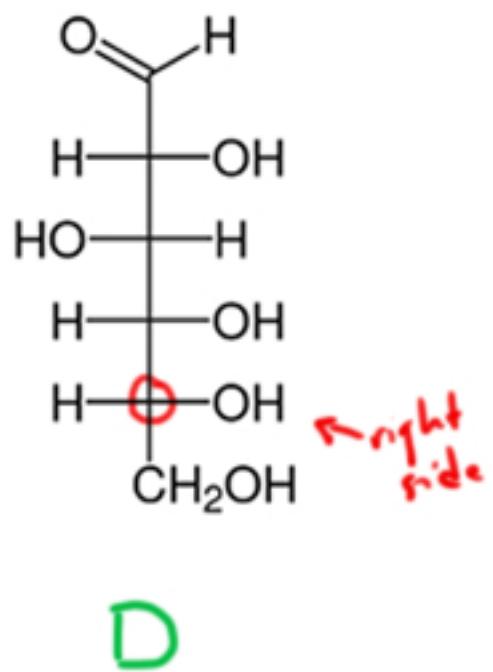


Dihydroxyacetone

Simple sugars



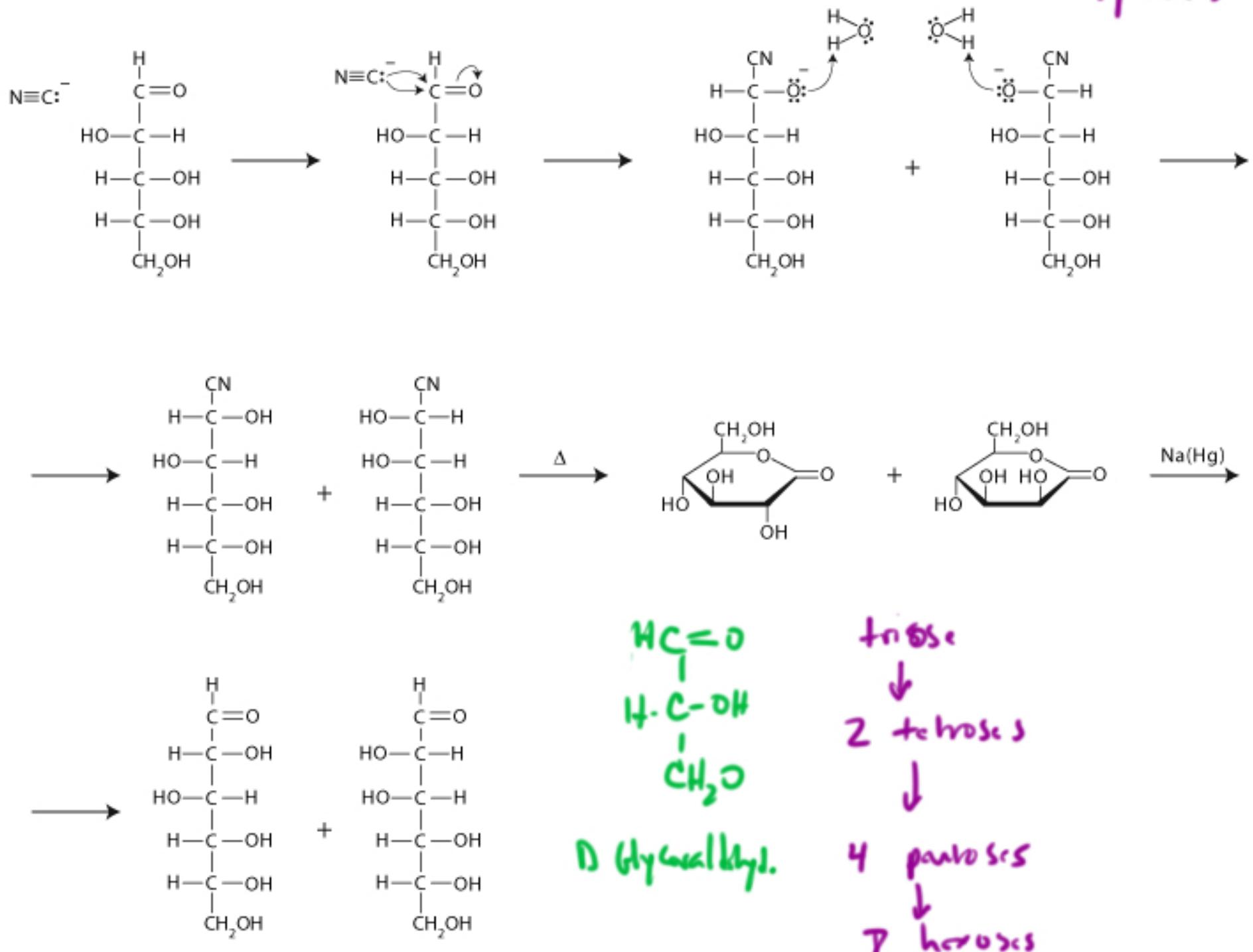
carbohydrates $\text{C}_m(\text{H}_2\text{O})_n$



D < C >
 L

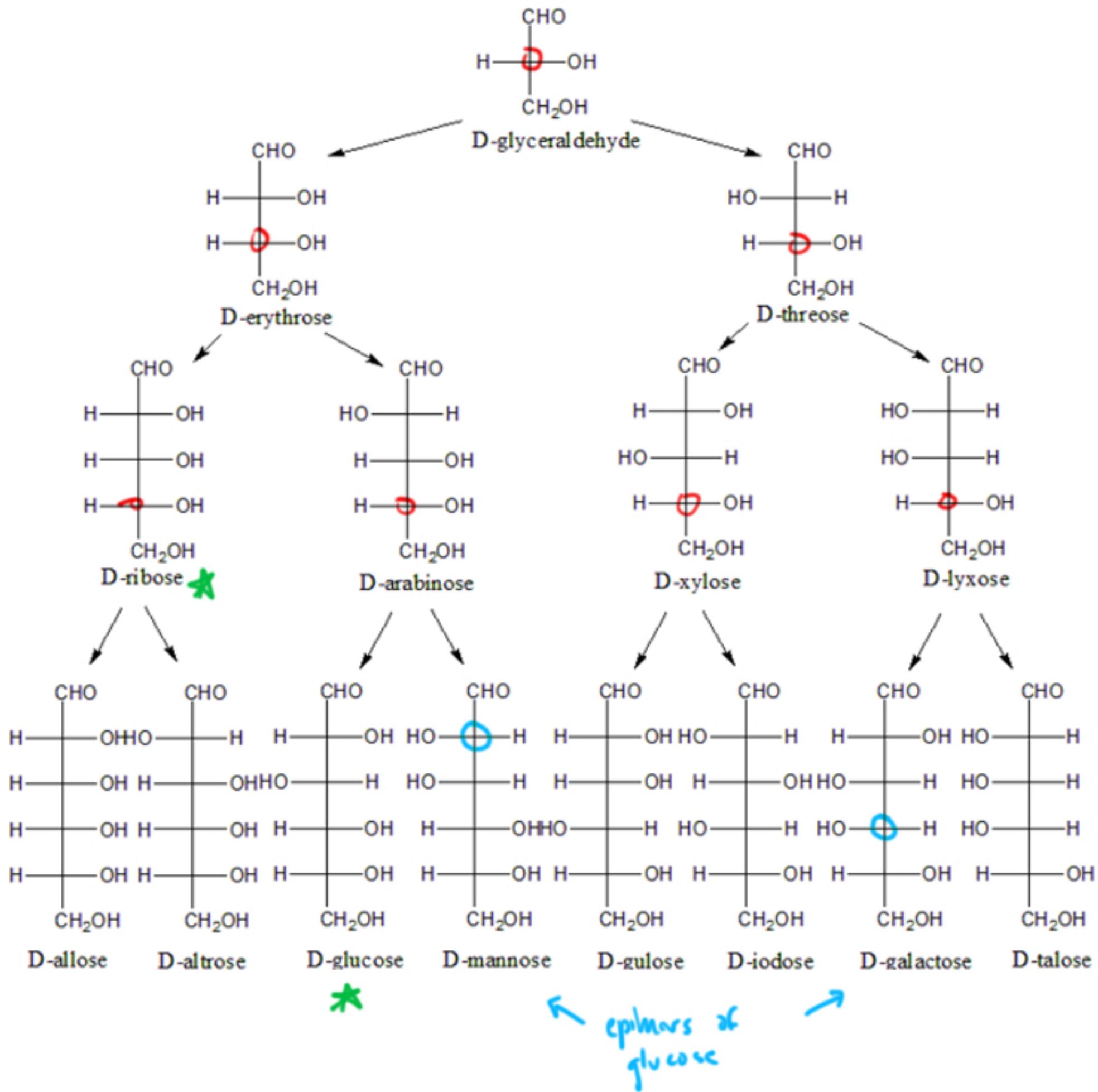
(not d or l)

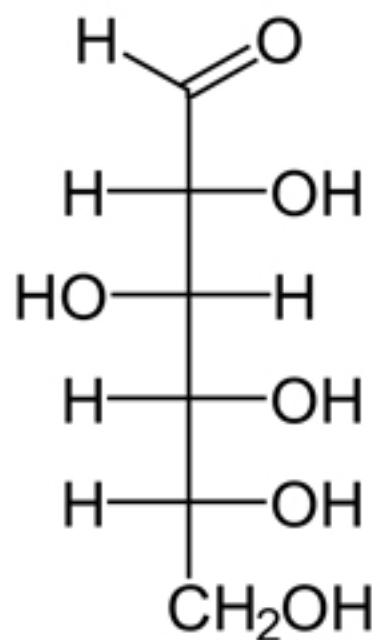
Kiliani-Fischer synthesis



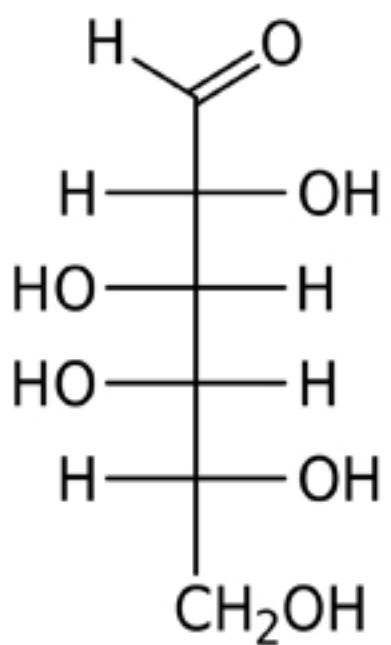
Steps of the Kiliani-Fischer synthesis of D-glucose and its C-2 epimer, D-mannose, from D-arabinose

Fischer Projection of D- Aldoses.

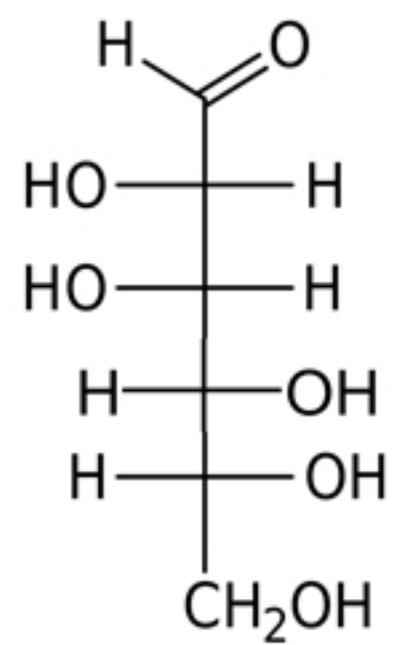




Glucose

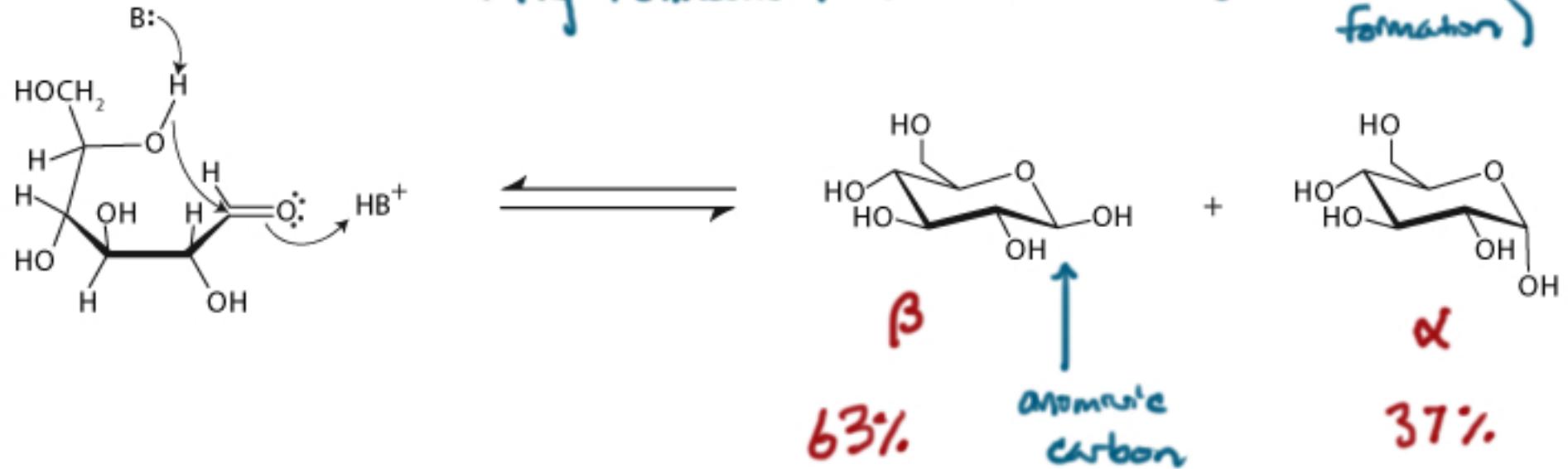


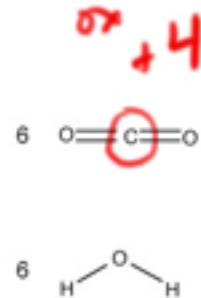
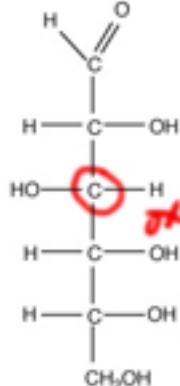
Mannose



Galactose

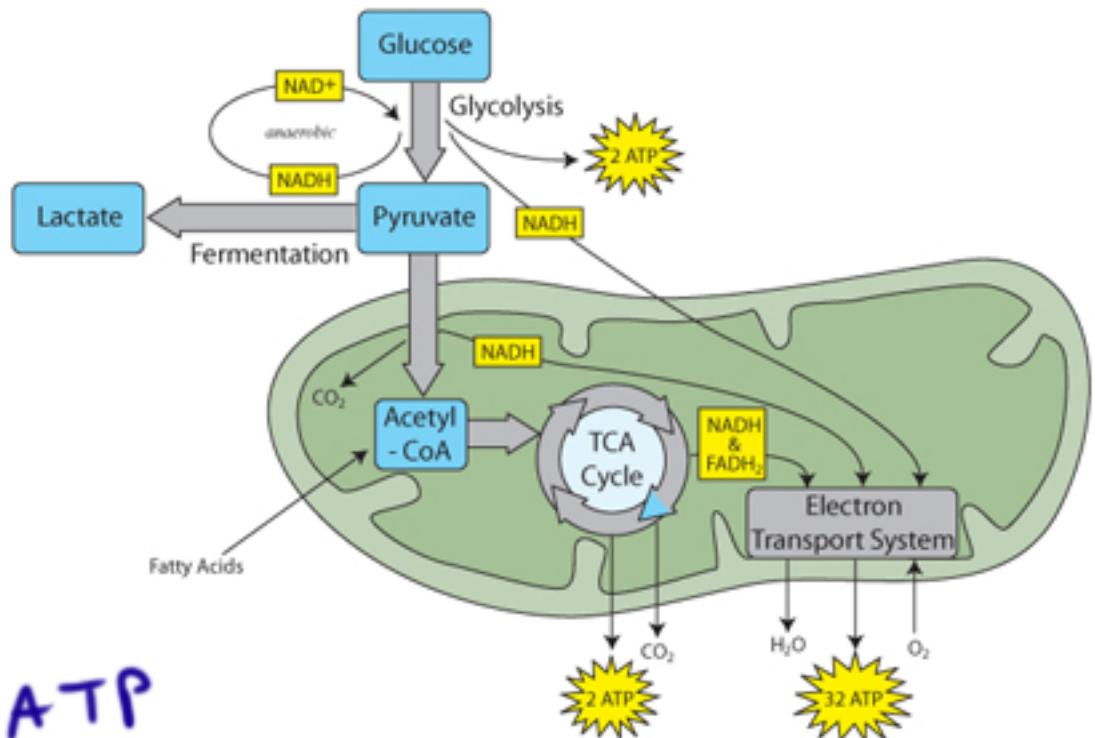
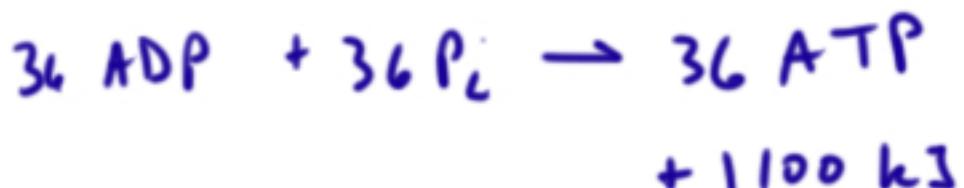
Ring Formation in Glucose (Hemiacetal formation)

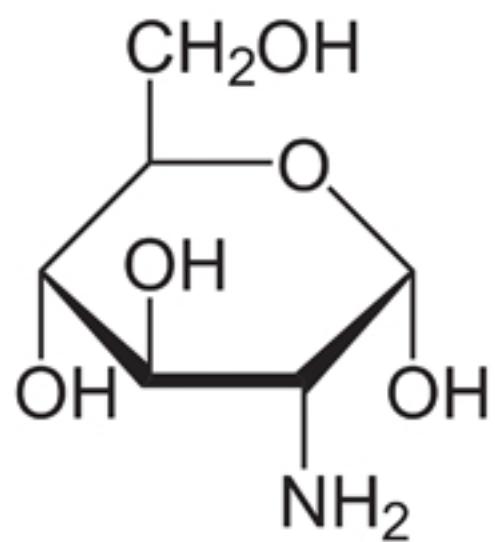




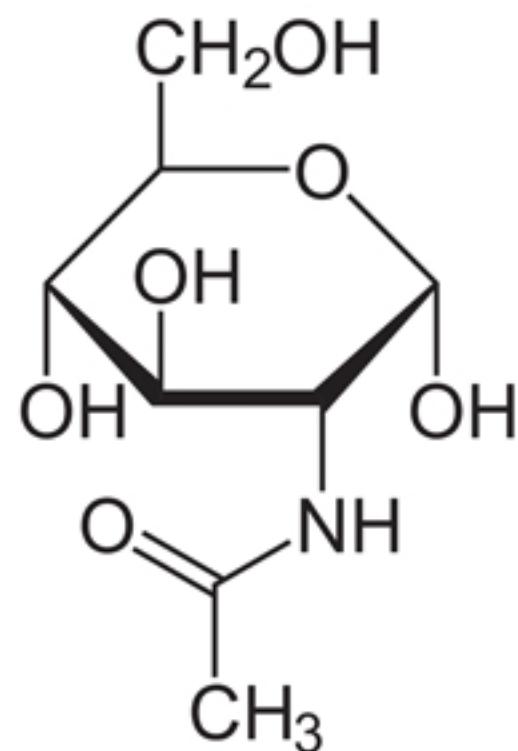
$$\Delta G^\circ \sim -3000 \text{ kJ}$$

coupled with

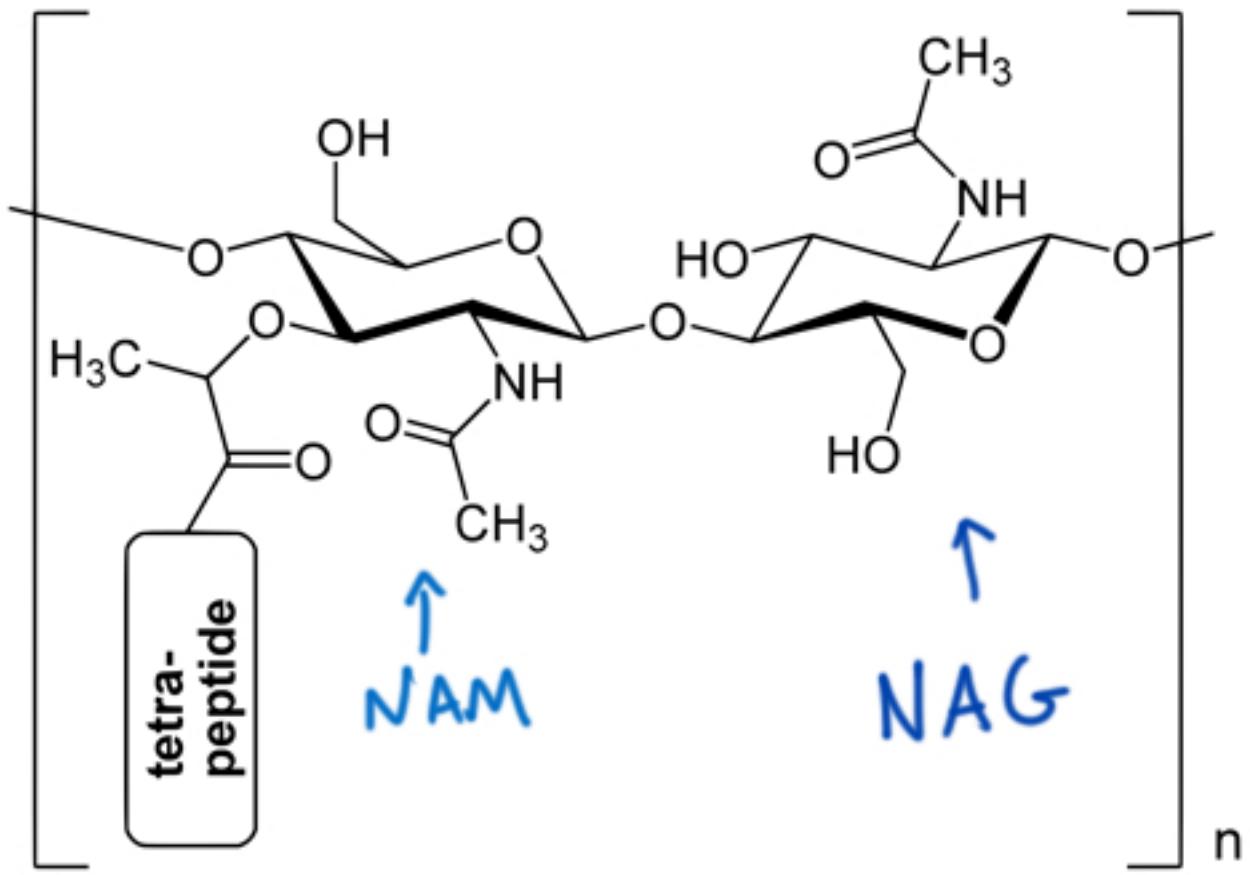




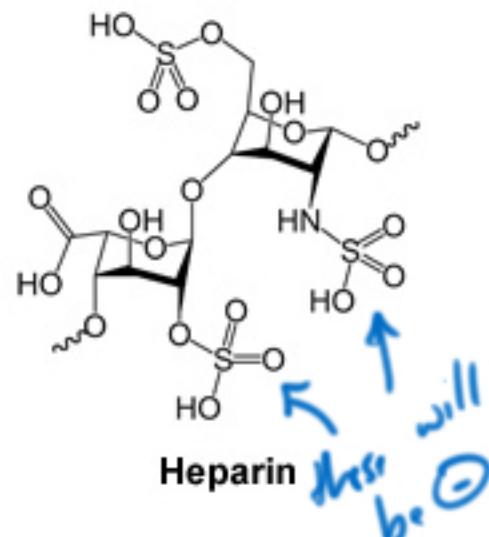
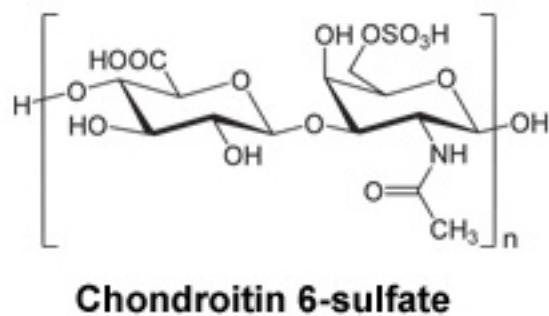
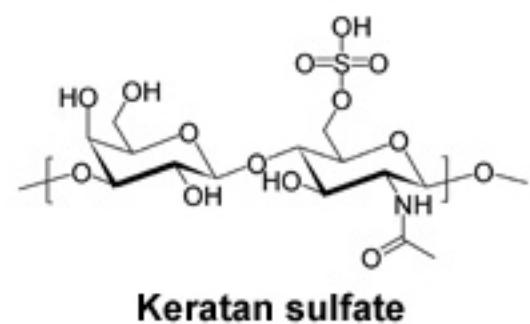
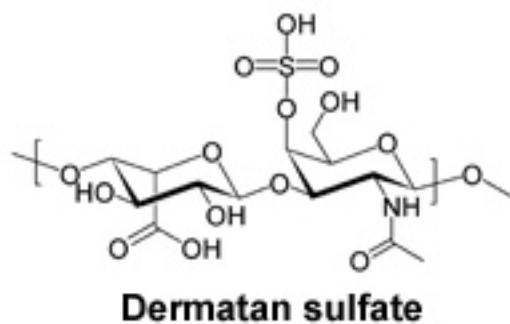
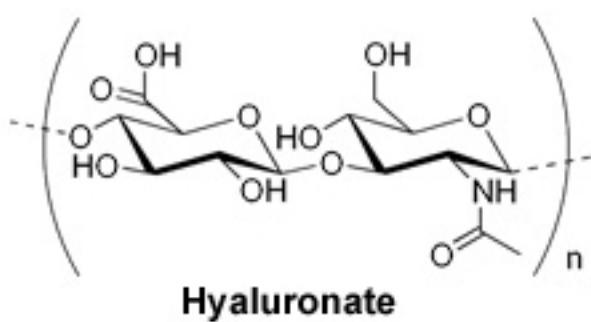
Glucosamine



N-acetyl glucosamine

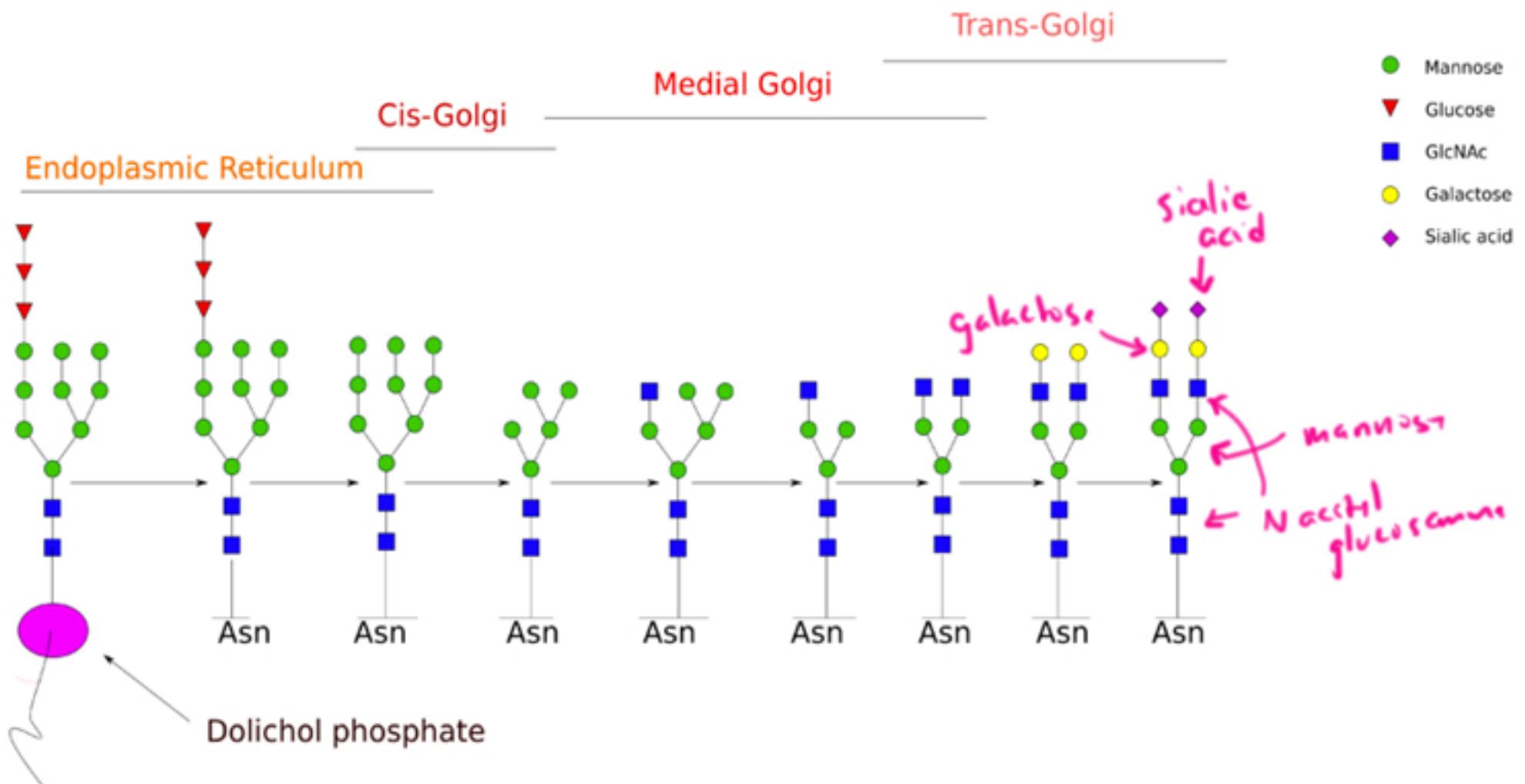


Peptidoglycan

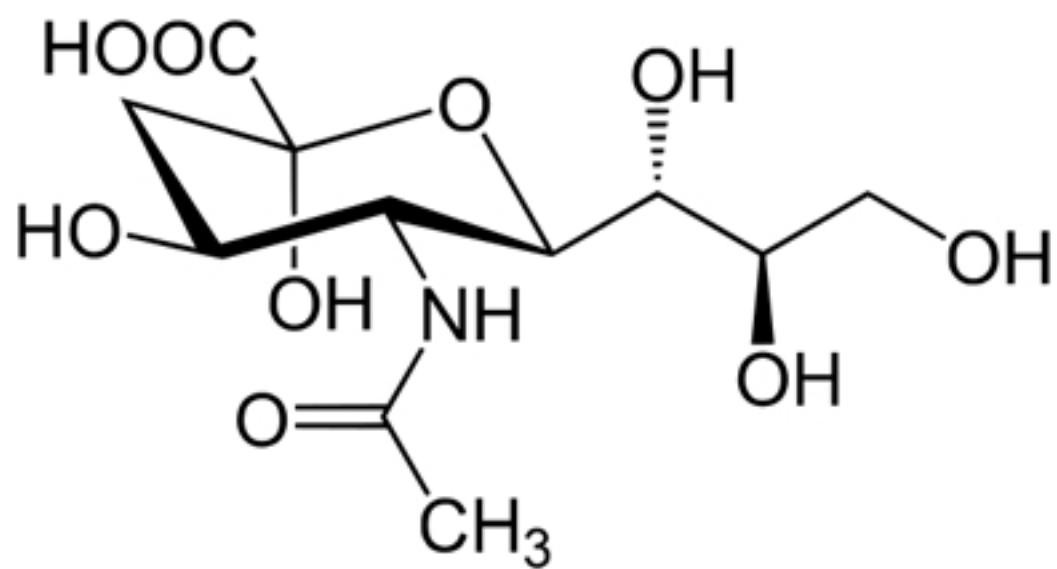


acidic derivatives
of N-acetyl glucosamine
in proteoglycan

$$pI_t = pK_a + \log \left(\frac{[A^-]}{[HA]} \right)$$



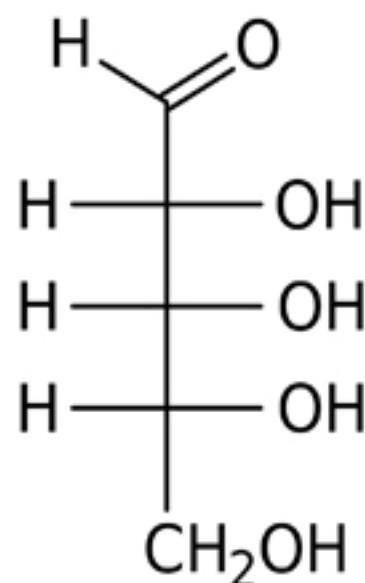
N-linked glycosylation
to form glycoproteins



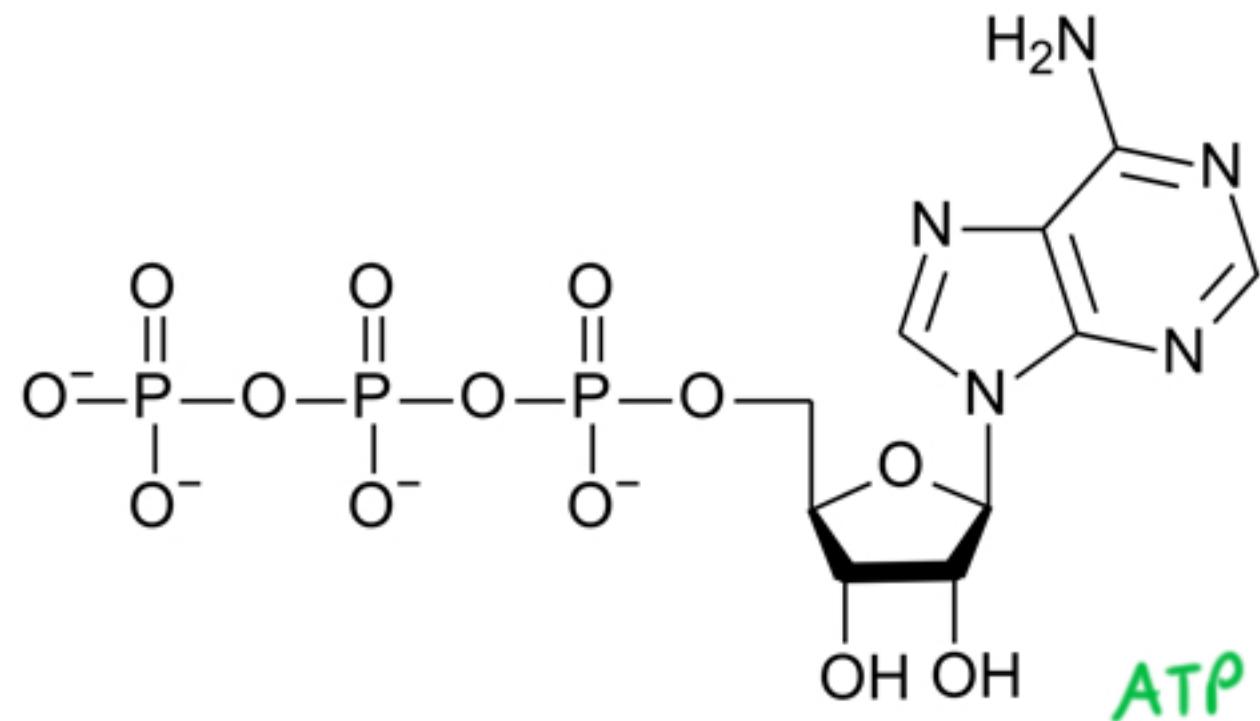
a Sialic acid

glycoproteins
and gangliosides

↑
a kind of sphingolipid

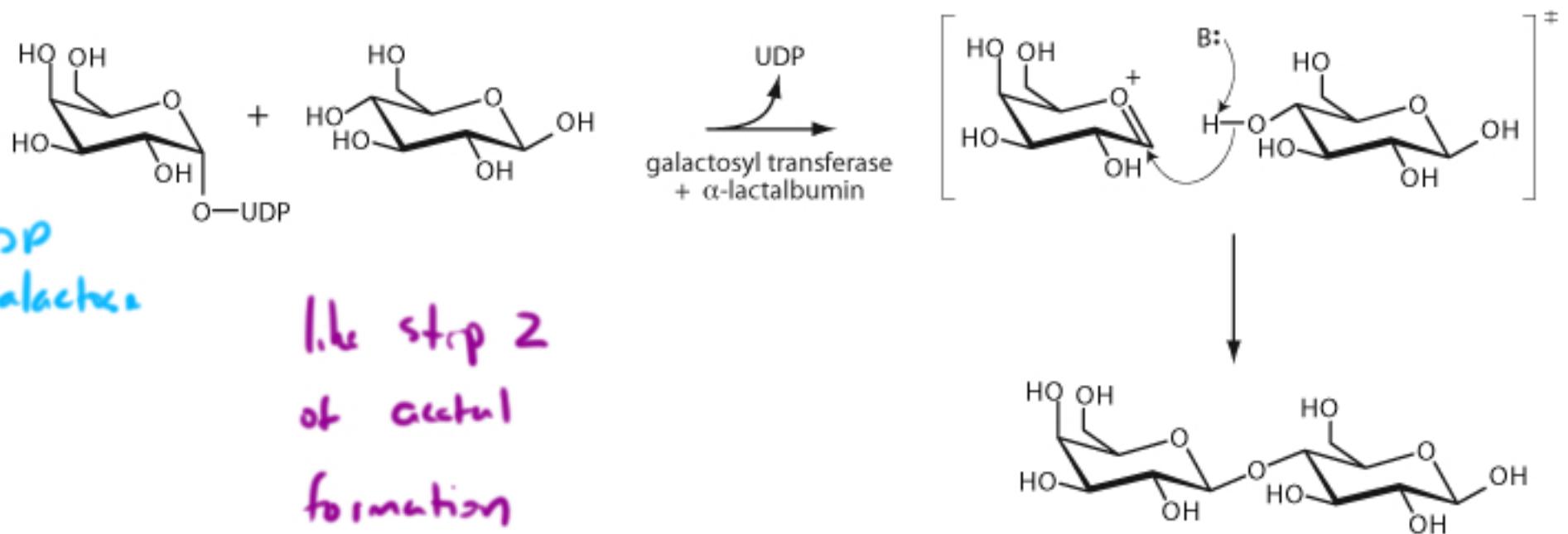


Ribose



ATP

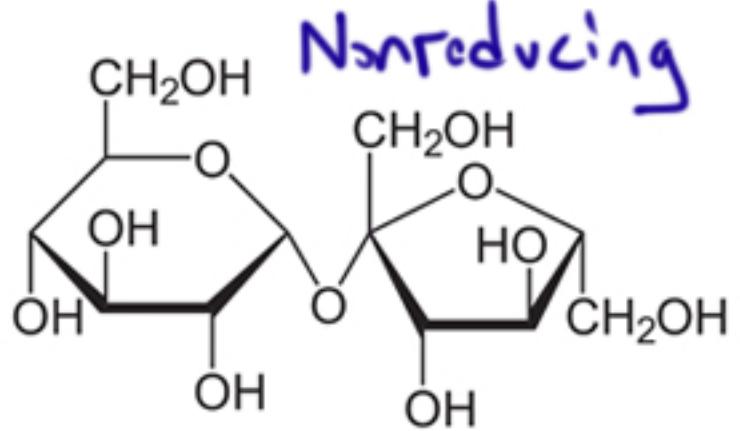
Glycosidic Bond Formation



UDP
Galactose

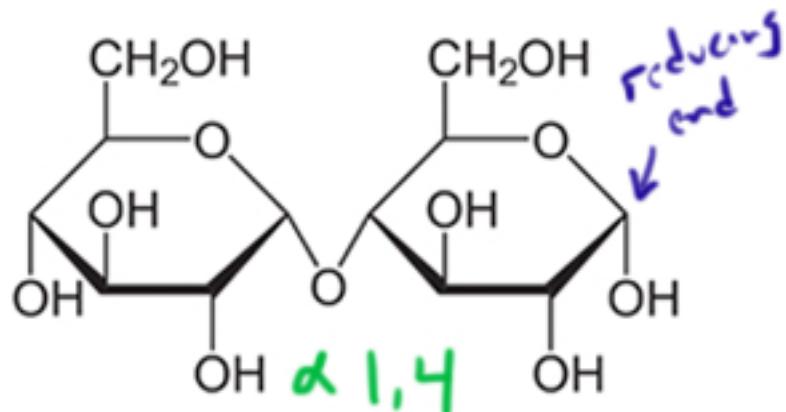
like step 2
of actual
formation

β 1,4 Lactose

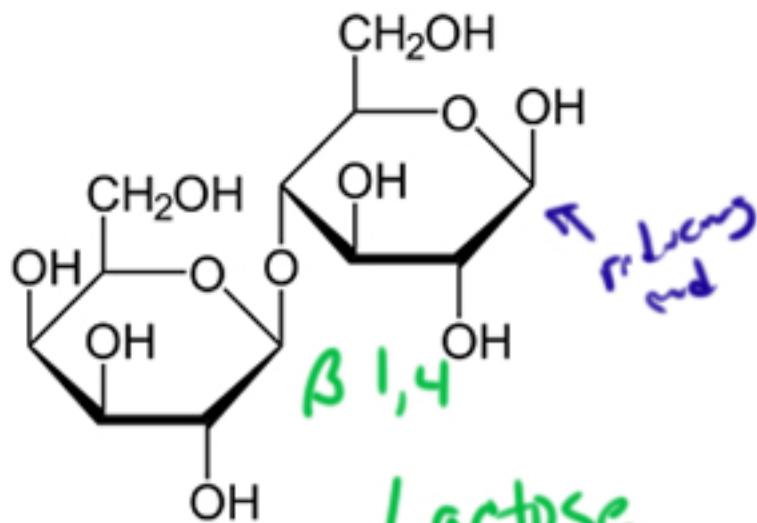


Nonreducing

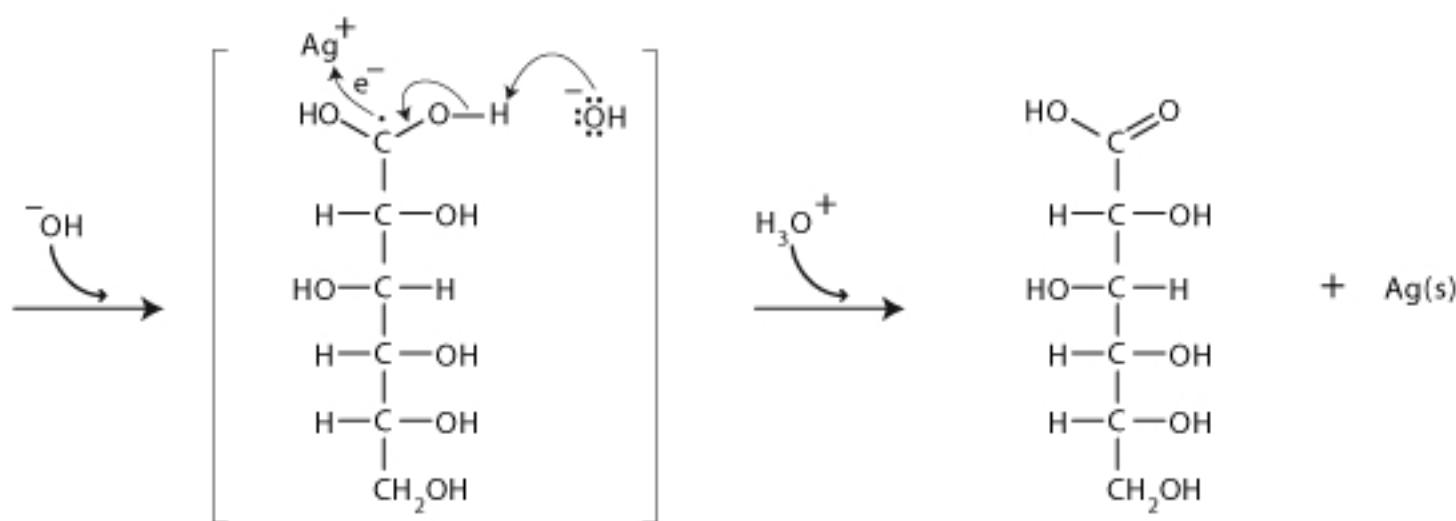
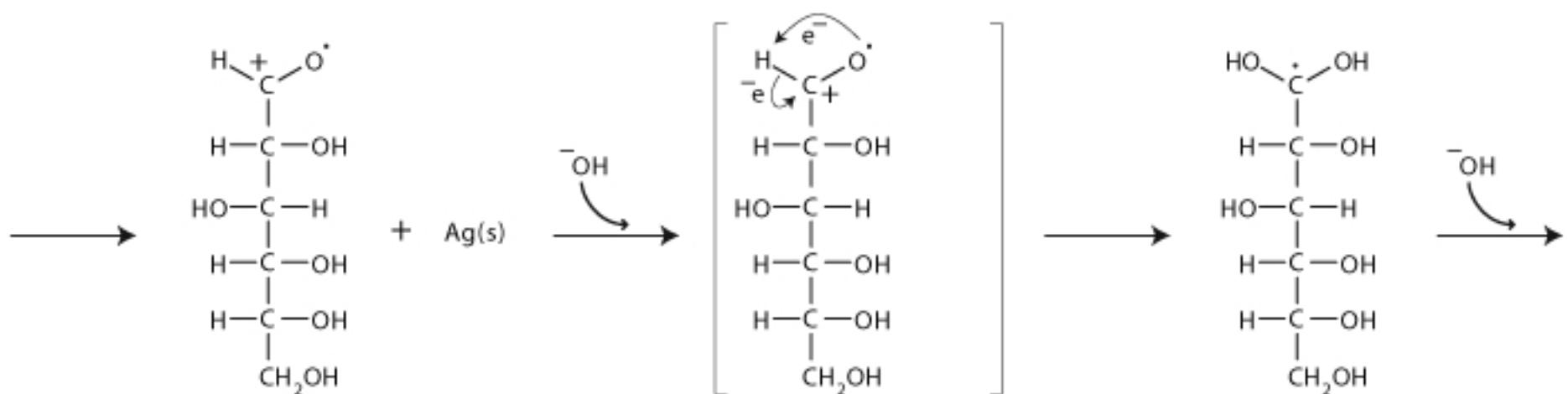
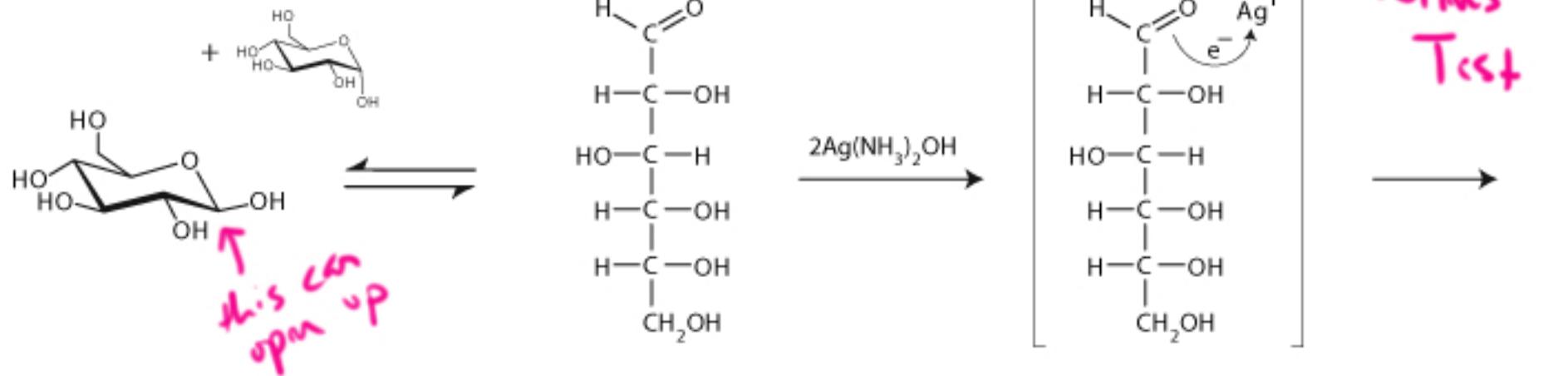
Sucrose
glucose +
fructose

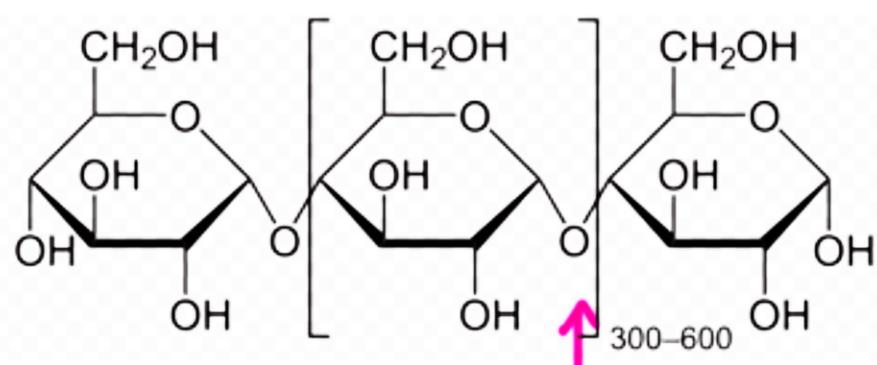


Maltose
glucose
+
glucose



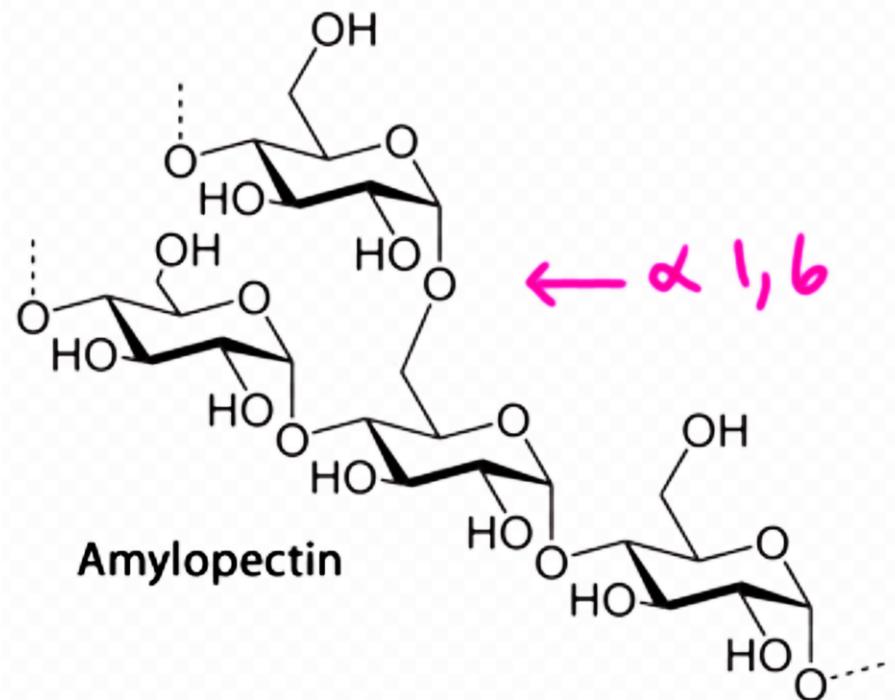
Lactose
glucose
+
galactose



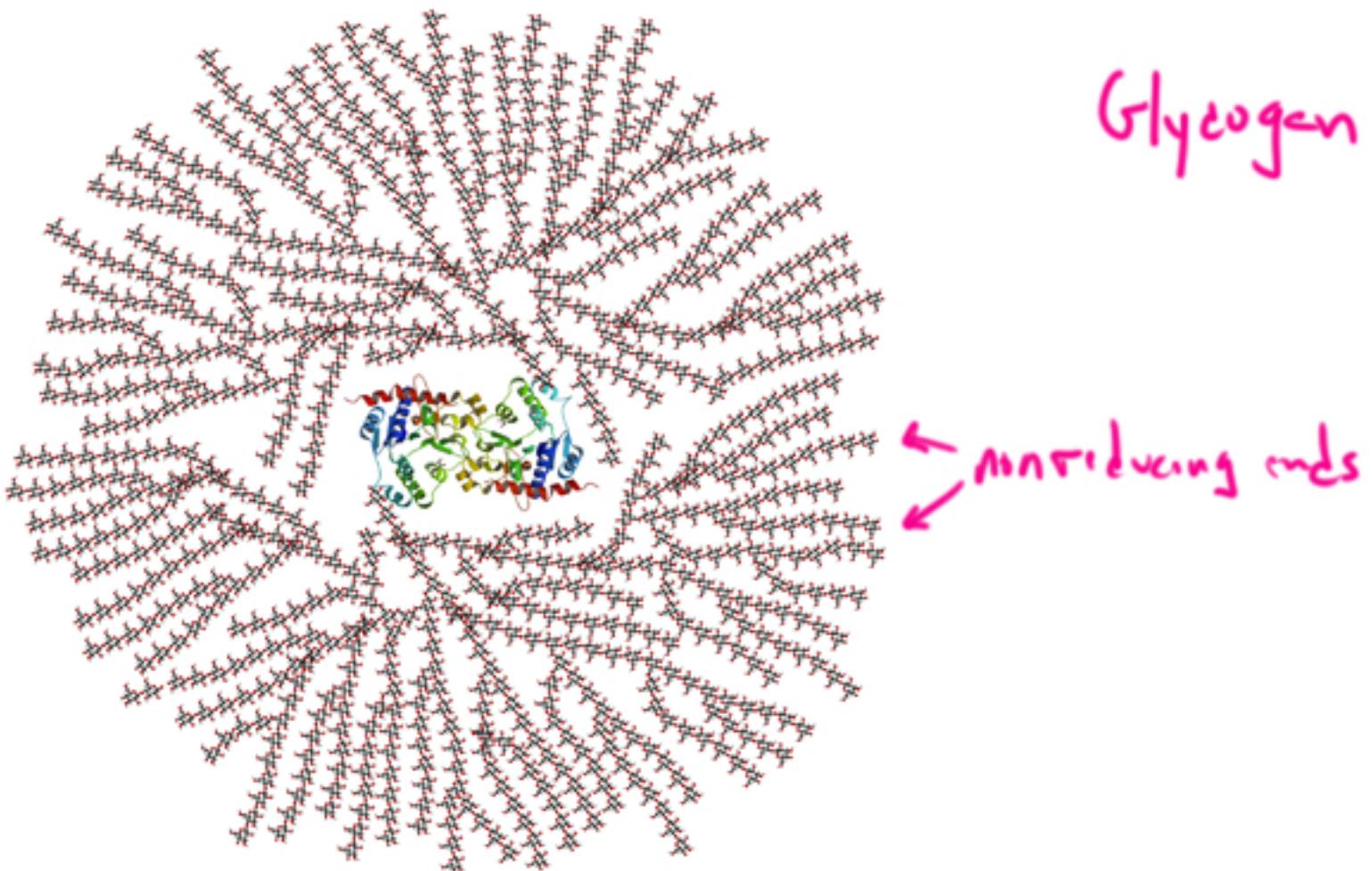


Amylose

$\alpha 1,4$



Amylopectin



Glycogen

Nonreducing ends