



Module 6

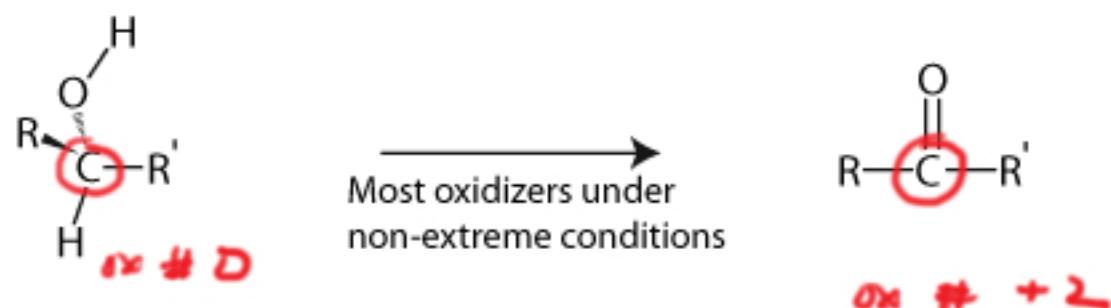
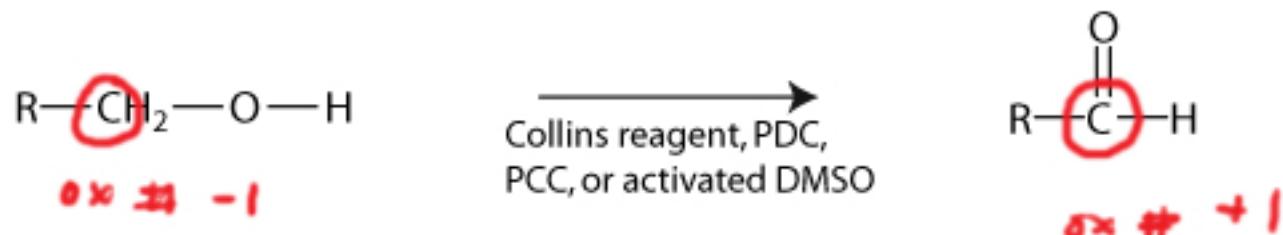
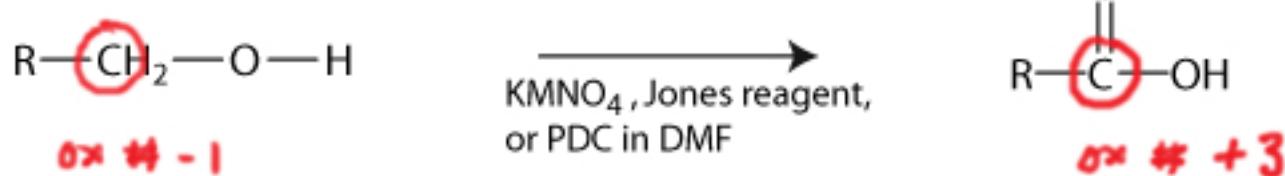
Reactions of Alcohols

Session Slides with Notes

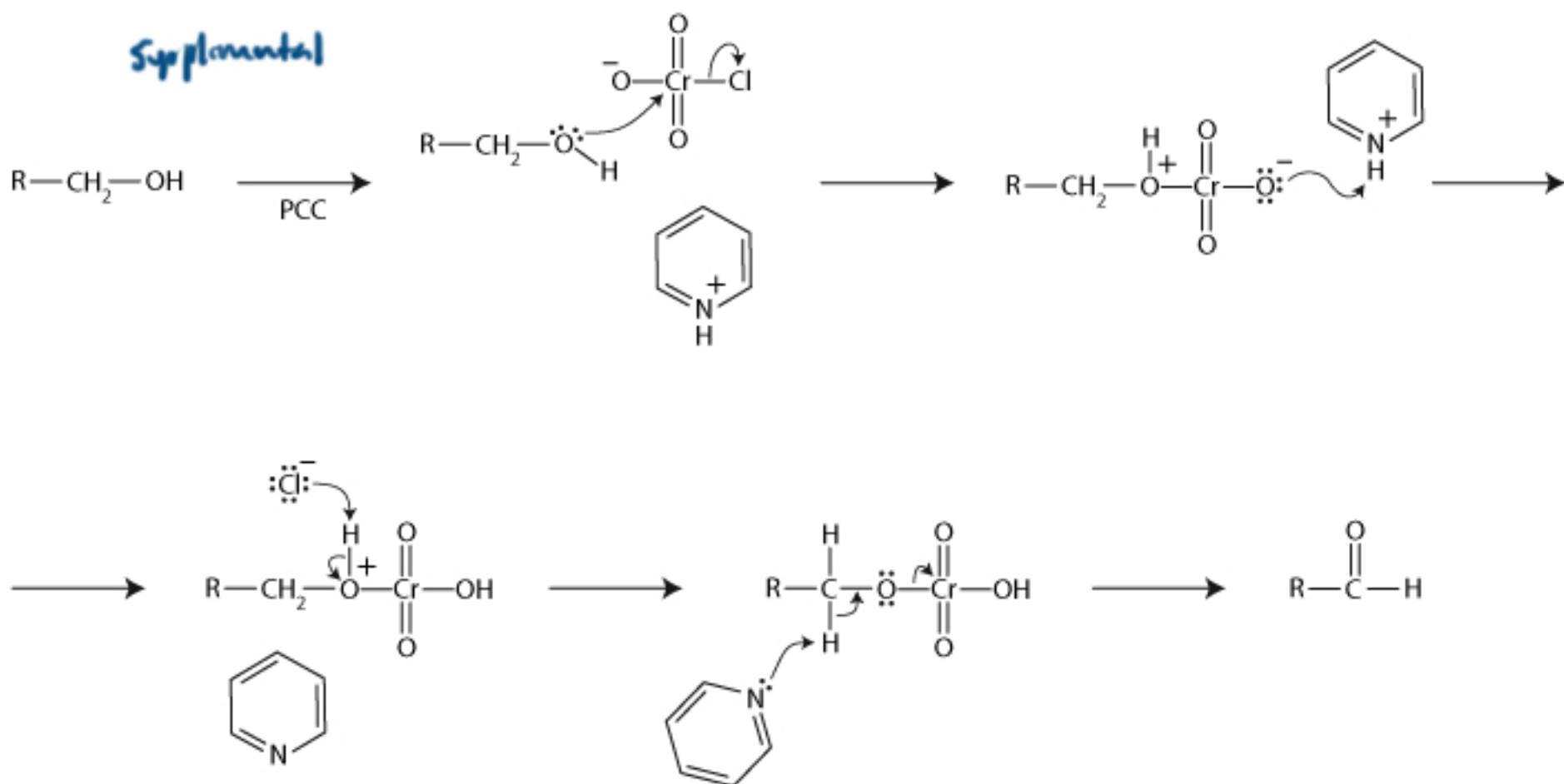
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Oxidation of Alcohols



Supplemental

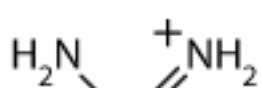


D169A
would change Kcat

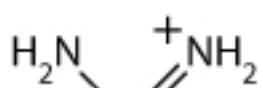
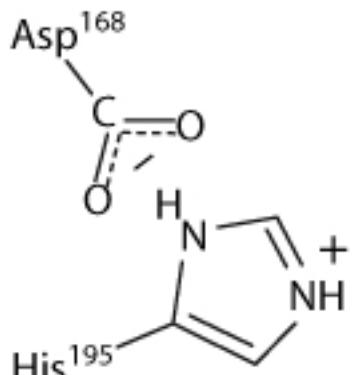
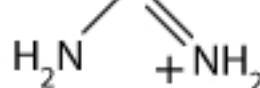
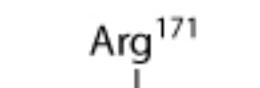
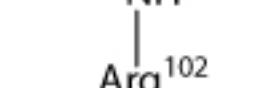
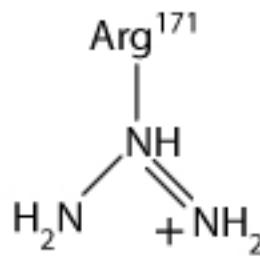
Malate dehydrogenase

Asp is raising
pKa of His

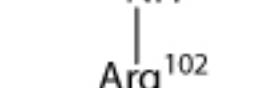
base catalyst →
Asp¹⁶⁸



Arg¹⁰⁹



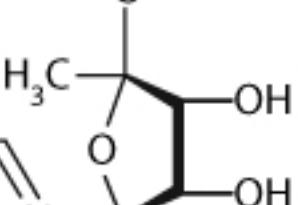
Arg¹⁰⁹



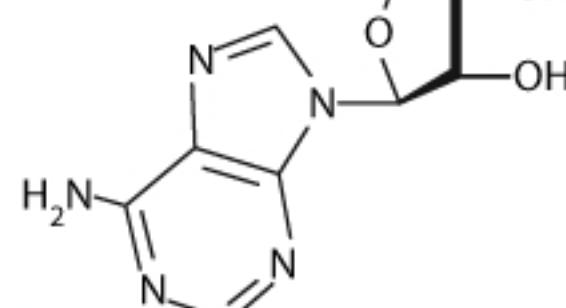
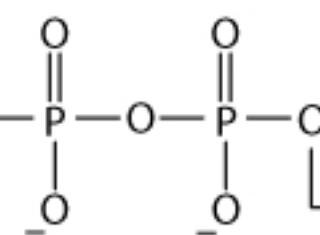
H:−

ox#D

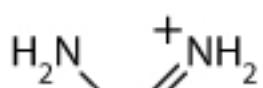
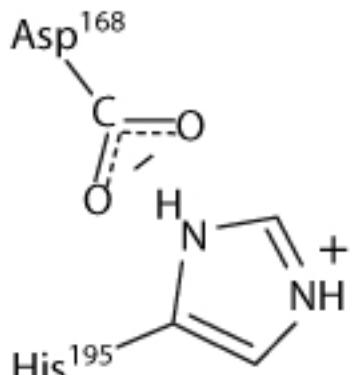
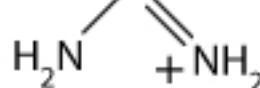
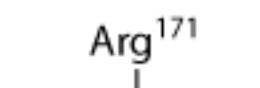
malate



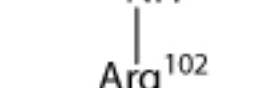
NAD⁺



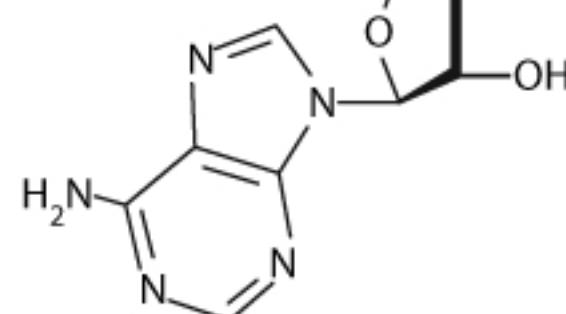
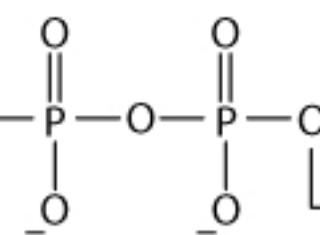
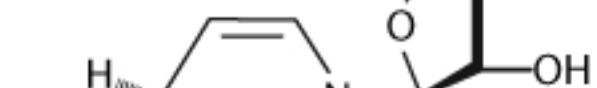
R102 A
if we substitute with
an alanine, would change KM



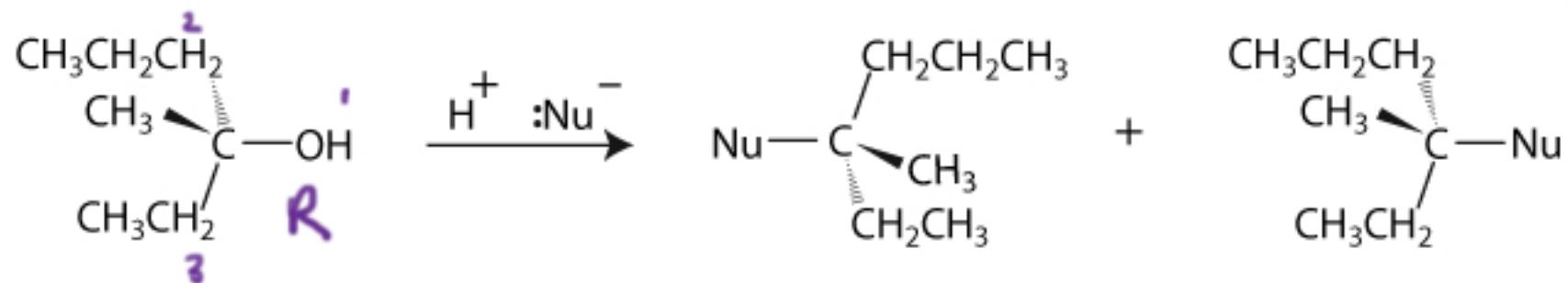
Arg¹⁰⁹



Oxaloacetate



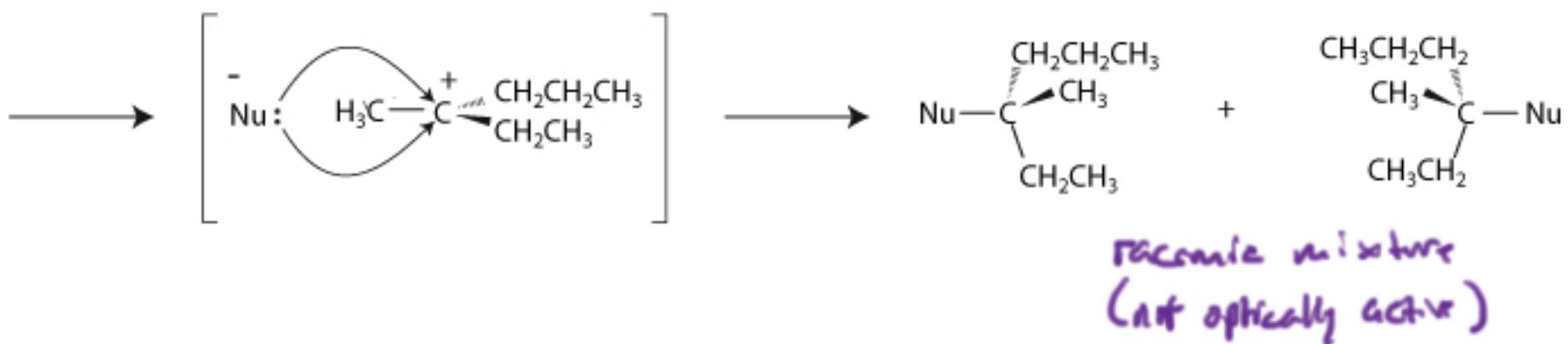
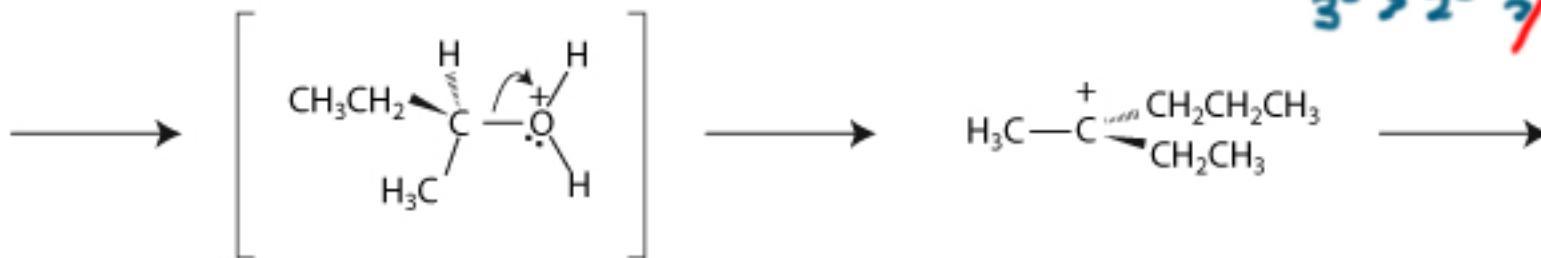
SNI Substitution



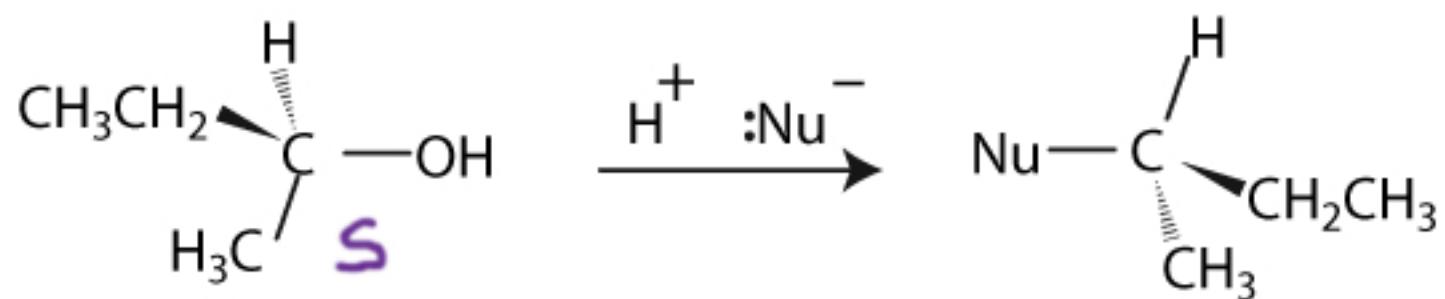
poor leaving group



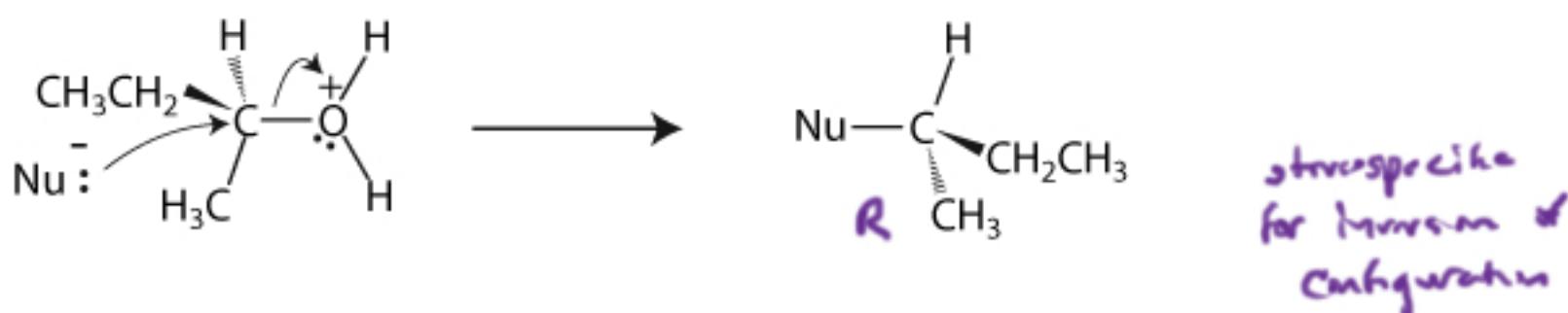
$3^\circ > 2^\circ > 1^\circ$ (might rearrange)



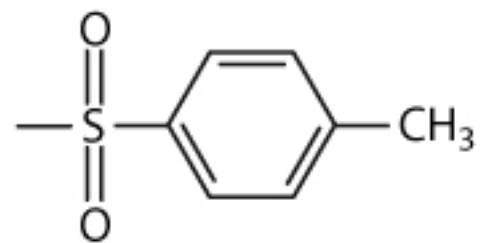
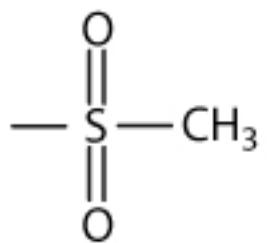
S_N2



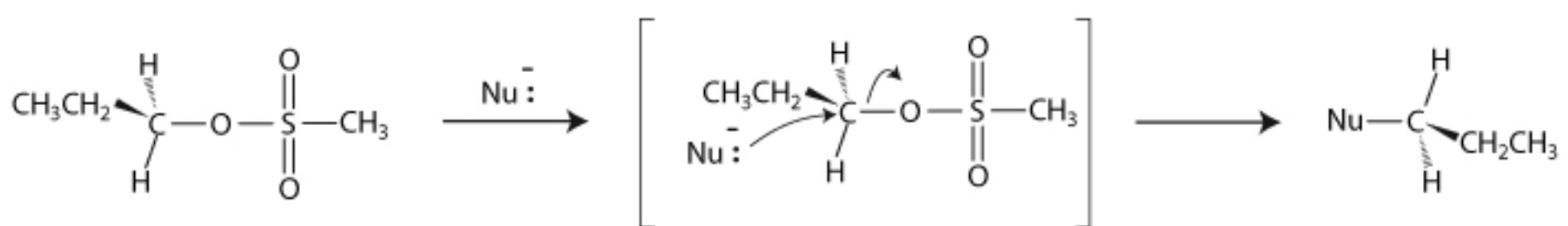
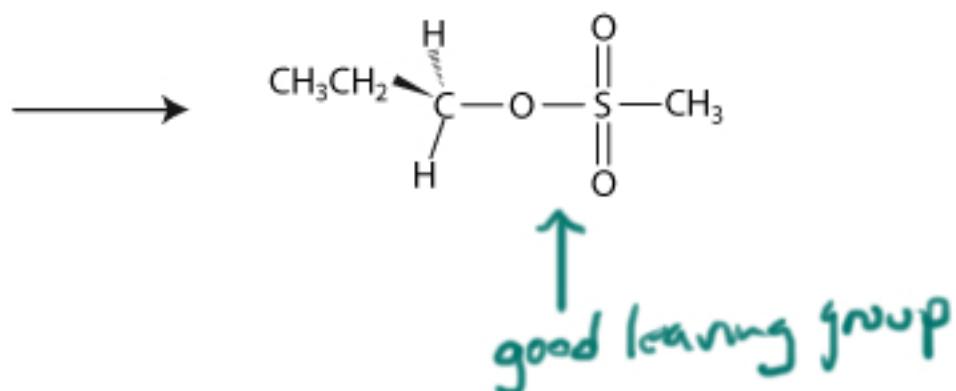
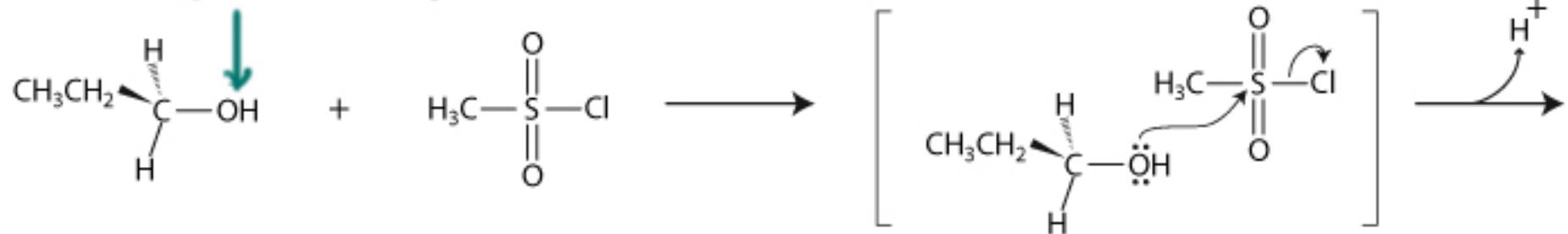
- prefers unsubstituted nucleophile and substrate
- polar aprotic solvent



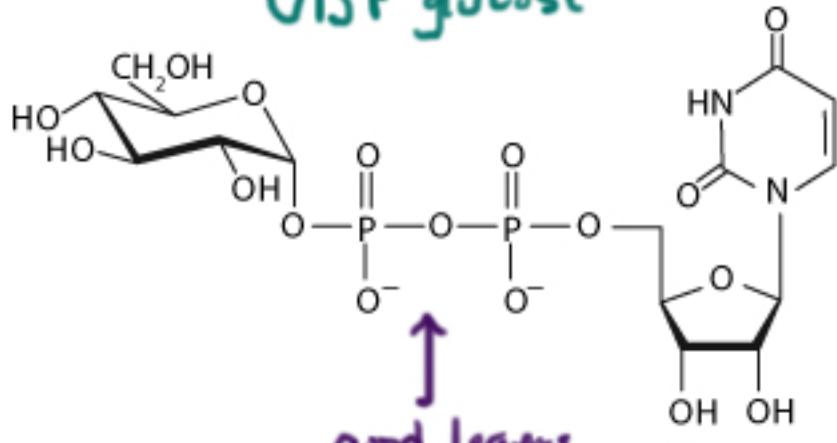
Mesylate and tosylate leaving group



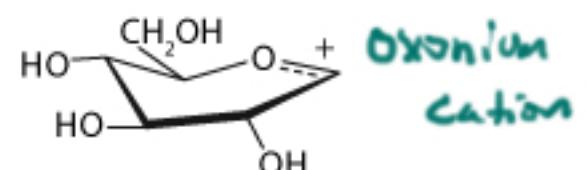
poor leaving group



UDP glucose



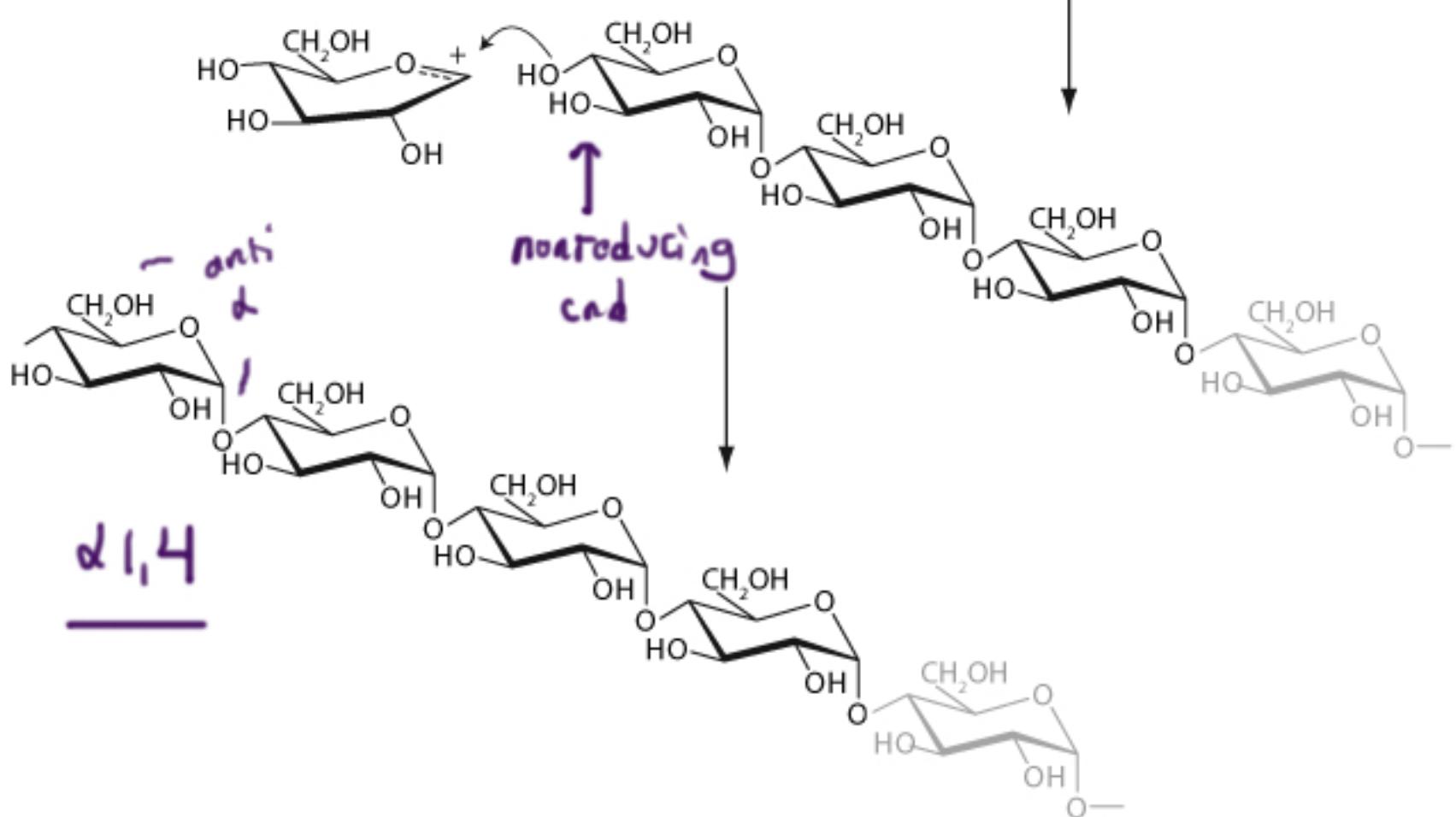
UDP
Glycogen synthase



Oxonium cation

good leaving group

like step 2 of acetal formation



Silyl Protecting Group

